Introduction to College Transfer

As a student at a community college, when you complete your Associate of Arts, Associate of Science, or Associate of Applied Sciences-Transfer degree, you have the option to transfer to a four-year university. At a four-year university you will pursue a Bachelor’s degree in your field of study. This guide is designed to help prepare you for that transfer process.

While you are earning your Associate’s degree at South Seattle Community College, you need to ensure that you are taking the classes needed to complete your degree at South AND your intended major at the four-year university. With the help of this guide and your advisors, you will experience a smoother transition to a four-year college or university.

In addition to taking the correct courses, you will also need to research schools, apply for financial aid and scholarships, and write personal statements. This guide will outline the steps you need to take for a success transfer. Remember, the transfer process is your responsibility. By taking advantage of the resources available, you can make this experience an enjoyable one!

Steps to Transfer

1. **Pick a major or program or study.** If undecided, set up a meeting with an advisor or counselor. See “Choosing a College Major” on page 4 of this document.

2. **Work with Advising/Counseling** to develop an educational plan to ensure you are completing the classes needed for graduation from South AND for your intended major. A good time to do this is in the middle of any quarter. To make an appointment to see an advisor or counselor, call (206)934-5387.

3. **Research universities, financial aid and scholarships** by visiting with representatives when they visit our campus and on their websites.

4. **Complete the application process** including writing a personal statement (see page 5), filling out applications, requesting transcripts, and obtaining letters of recommendation from faculty or community members.

Major-Ready

A trend among four-year universities is the preference, or requirement, for students to be “major-ready”. This means that, in addition to completing the degree requirements for your transfer degree, you also need to be ready to apply or join your major when you transfer. Many majors have prerequisite classes you must take prior to being admitted to that particular major or program. Schools will list these requirements on their website. **It is your responsibility to ensure you are prepared for transferring to the university AND your intended major/program.**

Example Listing of Prerequisite courses:

- UW Academic Planning Worksheets: [https://admit.washington.edu/Admission/Transfer/APW](https://admit.washington.edu/Admission/Transfer/APW)
The Transfer Process

1. Define your program of study or intended major.
2. Prepare for major/program AND university requirements.
3. Apply for Financial Aid for each college/university.
4. Research scholarships and apply.
5. Apply to your selected universities.
6. Apply to your major at each university.
Types of Degrees

**Associate of Arts:** The Associate of Arts (A.A.) Degree (Direct Transfer Agreement or DTA) is a 90-credit transfer degree that fulfills the general education requirements for most four-year degrees in arts and sciences. SSCC offers several tailored degrees in the following areas: Business, Asian Pacific Islander Studies, and Elementary Education.

**Associate of Science:** A 90-credit community college transfer degree intended for students who plan to transfer and receive a bachelor’s degree from a four-year college or university with a transfer major in a science related area.

**Associate of Applied Science-Transfer:** The A.A.S.-T allows students to complete a vocational/technical program and then apply his/her technical credits toward a baccalaureate degree at certain four-year schools, as long as specific Related Instruction courses have been successfully completed. Not all colleges/universities offer this; please see advisors or check with the university/college of your choice. See sample list below.

Those Related Instruction courses include (but are not restricted to) the following:

- ENGL 101 (instead of ENG 105)
- PSYC 100 (instead of PSYC 240)
- MATH 102 or MATH 141 (instead of MATH 110/BUS 110)
- Additional college level electives
- For some programs, ENGL 102 and/or a college level lab science may also be required

**AAS-T Articulation Agreements:** South Seattle Community College has A.A.S.-T articulation agreements with the four-year schools listed below. Students should work closely with an advisor or counselor to ensure that all possible degree requirements are met prior to transfer.

- Argosy University
- Boise State University
- City University
- DeVry University
- Eastern Washington University
- The Evergreen State College
- Seattle Pacific University
- University of Phoenix
- University of Washington-Tacoma

**Washington State Direct Transfer Agreement:** The Direct Transfer Agreement (DTA) ensures that a student who completes an appropriate Associate degree at SSCC will have satisfied the lower division education requirements and will be granted junior standing at the following schools (See Pg. 11 of the 2012-2014 SCCD Catalog for more information):

- Bastyr University
- Central Washington University
- City University
- Cornish College of the Arts*
- Eastern Washington University
- The Evergreen State College
- Gonzaga University
- Heritage University
- Northwest University
- Pacific Lutheran University
- Saint Martin’s University
- Seattle Pacific University
- Seattle University
- Trinity Lutheran University
- University of Washington-Bothell
- University of Washington-Tacoma*
- Washington State University
- Washington State University-Tri-Cities
- Washington State University – Vancouver
- Western Washington University
- Whitworth College
- Online DTA institutions
  - Ashford University
  - Capella University
  - Western Governor’s University

*These institutions have restrictions and exceptions to the DTA.

**The DTA does not guarantee admission to the university or to the specific program/major.**
Choosing a Major

*What do I want to major in??*

1. Make a list of subjects that interest you and start researching related majors. Discover what prerequisite classes are needed for that major.
2. Meet with a Counselor at South Seattle Community College for Career Counseling and/or Major Exploration.
3. Do an internship to try out an industry or job.
4. Complete informational interviews with people who have earned your major or have a job you would like to have in the future.
5. Take a class!
6. Evaluate your academic strengths and weaknesses: what subjects come naturally to you and what subjects are challenging?
7. Meet with advisors/admissions representatives when they come on campus to transfer fairs and visits. Go to information sessions held on our campus or at the universities.
8. Explore resources on the web:

   Washington Occupational Information System (WOIS)
   http://www.wois.org/

   Occupational Outlook Handbook
   http://www.bls.gov/oco/ (Nationally recognized source of career information)

   Please Understand Me II
   http://keirsey.com/ (Personality temperament/style and connection to work/career)

   What Can I Do With a Major in....? 

   World of Work Map
   http://www.act.org/wwm/index.html

   Common Misperceptions about Picking a Major:
   http://www.psu.edu/dus/md/mdmisper.htm

   UW Advice on Selecting a Major:
Writing a Personal Statement

What is it?
The personal statement is a way for you to tell a college or university more about yourself.

What are they used for?
Admissions Counselors and scholarship committees read personal statements as part of your application. This essay helps them understand more about you as a person. The other pieces of your application may include transcripts, test scores, letters of recommendation, and a resume.

What should be in it?
This is the story of you and your educational journey. Make sure to include any obstacles you and/or your family have overcome and important details that will help explain your transcript to them. This is a chance for you to show them how awesome you are! Make sure you tell them all about your background, your goals and dreams, and what you are doing to reach those goals and dreams.

Challenges when writing the personal statement?
- Don’t be afraid to talk about your talents and hard work! Many students have trouble talking about themselves. It is very important that you are able to explain why they should pick you over all the other applicants.
- Support your statements! Back up what you say with examples, stories and details so that the reader feels that your essay is authentic. Make your statements interesting to read.
- Edit, edit, edit! Don’t let the reader be distracted by spelling errors and grammar mistakes. They want to read a clean copy without any errors. Make sure you proof read your essay and ask others to proof read it for you too!
- Stay organized! Sometimes, students have a tendency to add details that are not needed to their essay. Make sure that every detail in your essay is needed to make your main point and that you tell your story in an order that makes sense.
- Give yourself enough time! Often, students will try to write their personal essay the night before it is due. You should start your essay several weeks in advance, to give yourself time to think about it, edit, and ask for suggestions from someone else. Remember, the Writing Center (located in the Library room 205) is available to help!
- Follow directions! Student sometimes forget to read all of the directions or read them carefully. Please make sure you are answering the correct question, using the right amount of words and following any other guidelines.

What are some common types of questions that are often asked?
- Describe a challenge in your life and how you have overcome that challenge.
- Tell us about your hero. How has this person shaped who you are today?
- How would you define diversity? And, how would you bring diversity to our college campus?
- Topic of your choice: you can write on anything you want to! (Hint: remember to focus on yourself. They want to know about YOU not someone else!)

Additional Resources for the Personal Statement:
* Writing Center located in the Library, Room 205: https://sites.google.com/a/southseattle.edu/writing-center/
* WALL (Writing and Language Lab) located in RSB 16: http://www.southseattle.edu/resources/wall.htm
* Advisor and Counselors – appointments available by calling (206)934-5387
* Workshops: See Calendar of Events on the Transfer Resources website: http://www.southseattle.edu/transfer/
Transfer Checklist

☐ Determine your program of study while at South.

☐ Research majors with the help of advising and counseling (See “Choosing a Major” on page 4).

☐ Research four-year universities online, at a transfer fair and visits or by visiting the campuses individually.

☐ Meet with an advisor and/or counselor to create an educational plan, see the glossary on page 8.

☐ Check in with your advisor/counselor each quarter to ensure you are taking the appropriate classes for both your degree and any prerequisites for your intended major at the university.

☐ Begin writing your personal statement (See “Writing a Personal Statement” on page 5).

☐ Apply for Financial Aid at: http://www.fafsa.ed.gov/ and fill out the appropriate paperwork at each university.

☐ Request letters of recommendation from teachers or advisors at least four weeks in advance.

☐ Inquire about and apply for transfer scholarships at each university.

☐ Complete applications for each university.

☐ Order official transcripts to be sent to each university as part of your application.

☐ Submit applications and wait for decisions.

☐ Make decision based on some or all of the following factors: financial aid vs. cost, major or program of study, location, student services, and the campus culture.

☐ Apply for graduation at South Seattle Community College! Remember: You need to meet with an advisor/counselor to do this.

☐ Order an official transcript to be sent to the university you will attend after the conclusion of your last classes at South.

☐ Attend orientation at your new school and register for classes. Hint: pick an early orientation date to get the best selection of classes.
Transfer Planning
Helpful Websites

South Advising and Counseling:
http://www.southseattle.edu/services/advising-counseling/

South College Transfer Resources: Your gateway to transfer resources and links!
http://www.southseattle.edu/transfer/

Searching for your major at universities/colleges:
www.collegeboard.com
www.collegetoolkit.com
www.petersons.com
www.nces.ed.gov/collegenavigator/
www.campustours.com

Organizing your application/scholarship process:
www.collegenet.com

Tips on writing your personal statement:
www.essayedge.com
www.petersons.com
www.princetonreview.com

On-Campus Resources

Advising and Counseling
Robert Smith Building
(206)934-5387 for appointments
advisorsouth@seattlecolleges.edu for quick questions and entry codes

Quarterly Transfer Fairs and Visits
Check the calendar on the transfer resources website:
http://www.southseattle.edu/transfer/

Call or email Lynn at (206)934-6478 and Lynn.Christiansen@seattlecolleges.edu for information.

The Tutoring Center and MAST
Robert Smith Building, Room 18
(206)934-5137
http://www.southseattle.edu/tutoring/mast.aspx

WALL-Writing and Learning Lab
Robert Smith Building, Room 16
(206)934-5360
http://sites.southseattle.edu/tlc/Home/thewallforenglishlanguagelearners

The Writing Center
Library, Room 205 (Second Floor)
(206)934-6412
http://sites.google.com/a/southseattle.edu/writing-center/

TRIO-Student Success Services
Robert Smith Building, Room
206-934-5326
http://trio.southseattle.edu/
**Glossary for Transfer Students**

**Associate of Arts Degree (AA):** A 90-credit community college transfer degree. It provides a broad education and allows you to fulfill some or all of the general education requirements and prerequisite coursework for many four-year degrees in arts and sciences.

**Associate of Science Degree (AS):** A 90-credit community college transfer degree intended for students who plan to transfer and receive a bachelor’s degree from a four-year college or university with a transfer major in a science related area.

**Associate of Applied Science Degree (AAS):** Associate of Applied Science (A.A.S.) degree prepares students for employment through development of technical and related skills and instruction in academic subjects appropriate to the occupational field.

**Associate of Applied Science-Transfer Degree (AAS-T):** The A.A.S.-T allows students to complete a vocational/technical program and then apply his/her technical credits toward a baccalaureate degree at certain four-year schools, as long as specific Related Instruction courses have been successfully completed.

**Associate in Business Degree (AB):** A 90-credit community college transfer degree designed for students intending to transfer to a four-year college or university and major in business.

**Bachelor’s Degree:** The academic title (Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science) granted by four-year colleges and universities upon the successful completion of approximately 180 quarter credits or four years of prescribed study (including the credits completed at a community college). This degree is sometimes called a “baccalaureate” degree.

**Credit/Credit Hour:** The words “credit” and “hour” are often used synonymously. For the majority of courses, the number of credits offered equals the number of hours in a class per week for that course. (A five-credit course requires five hours in class each week.) NOTE: Your tuition is based on the total number of credit hours you register for, but you receive credit on your transcript only for the number of credit hours in which you receive a passing grade.

**Direct Transfer Agreement (DTA):** The Direct Transfer Agreement is an agreement between community colleges and participating four-year public and private Washington state colleges and universities that assures the transfer of credit with an AA, AS or AB degree into these colleges and universities, but not automatic admission, since each institution has separate admission criteria such as G.P.A., residency, core requirements or major preparation.

**Educational Plan:** An educational plan is a road map toward a college degree and an outline of the coursework required to complete an educational goal/program of study. Working with an advisor, students develop an educational plan using degree planning sheets. This plan takes into consideration factors such as course sequences, personal timelines and four-year admission and transfer major deadlines and requirements.

**Equivalency Guide:** A guide found on websites of most Washington state four-year colleges and universities that allows you to find out how a course at your college transfers into that institution.

**Grade Point Average (GPA):** Each grade you earn in a course is assigned a number of points. Your GPA is based on the total number of points earned and the total number of quarter hours attempted.
General Education: Broad base of liberal arts core courses in English, Math and the Areas of Knowledge such as Visual, Literary and Performing Arts (Humanities), Individuals Cultures and Societies (Social Science), and Natural World (Natural Science).

Major: A program of study at a college or university that a student chooses to study in-depth in order to earn a four-year bachelor’s degree.

Prerequisite: The requirement(s) that must be met before a student may enroll in a particular course or program. A prerequisite might be completion of a given class before enrollment in a more advanced class, or a satisfactory score on a placement test.

Quarter: A term of classes which is approximately 11 weeks (8 weeks in summer quarter), depending on the college. A college using the quarter system, such as the Seattle Community Colleges, has three equal quarters (fall, winter, spring) and a shorter summer quarter.

Semester: A term of classes which is approximately 15 weeks. Colleges on the semester system have two semesters per academic year and a summer session.

Note: 1 semester credit equals 1.5 quarter credits.

Transcript: A copy of your academic record showing courses completed and grades and credits earned. To be “official” it must be mailed by your former college directly to your college or delivered by you unopened in an envelope that has been officially sealed by your former school.

Transcript Evaluation: If you are transferring credits from another college or university your official transcripts are evaluated by the Credentials Office to determine how many courses previously taken might be applied to your associate degree graduation requirements. Academic advisors may do an unofficial evaluation to initially place you into classes.

Transferability: Classes that transfer to four-year colleges and universities are generally those numbered 100 and above in the college catalog and include general education courses listed in the Areas of Knowledge (Visual, Literary and Performing Arts, Individuals, Cultures and Societies, and Natural World) as well as transferable electives listed on the AA worksheet; however there are exceptions. If you complete an AA transfer degree, you can include a maximum of 15 credits of “normally non-transferable courses” numbered 100 and above in your degree. There are also certain professional-technical programs and courses that may transfer to specific colleges or universities. If you are uncertain whether a course is transferable, check with an advisor or consult your transfer institution’s course equivalency guide.

Transfer Major Prerequisites: Courses to be completed in order to be eligible for admission into a certain transfer major.

Upside Down Degree: A bachelor’s degree that allows you to transfer your AAS or AAS-T degree to a four-year university as 90 credits, preparing you to continue with your last two years of coursework at the university.